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## European Technical Assessment

**ETA 08/0024 – version 01  
of 26/01/2018**

### General Part

**Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA and designated according to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011: Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o.**

**Trade name of the construction product**

KABE THERM/LAMITHERM

**Product family to which the construction product belongs**

Product area code: 4  
External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with rendering on expanded polystyrene (EPS) for the use as external insulation to walls of buildings

**Manufacturer**

DOVA, a.s.  
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739 21 Paskov  
Czech Republic  
<http://www.dovaas.cz>

**Manufacturing plant**

DOVA, a.s.  
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739 21 Paskov  
Czech Republic

**This European Technical Assessment contains**

18 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment.

**This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of**

ETAG 004, edition June 2013, used as European Assessment Document (EAD).

**This version replaces**

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## **Specific part**

### **1 Technical description of the product**

#### **1.1 General**

This product is an ETICS (External Thermal Insulation Composite System) with rendering – a kit comprising components which are factory-produced by the manufacturer or component suppliers. The ETICS manufacturer is ultimately responsible for all components of the ETICS specified in this ETA.

The ETICS kit comprises a prefabricated insulation product of expanded polystyrene boards to be bonded or mechanically fixed onto a wall. The methods of fixing and the relevant components are specified in the table below. The insulation product is faced with a rendering system consisting of one or more layers (site applied), one of which contains reinforcement. The rendering is applied directly to the insulating panels, without any air gap or disconnecting layer.

The ETICS may include special fittings (e.g. base profiles, corner profiles ...) to treat details of ETICS (connections, apertures, corners, parapets, sills ...). Assessment and performance of these components is not addressed in this ETA, however the ETICS manufacturer is responsible for adequate compatibility and performance within the ETICS when the components are delivered as part of the kit.

## 1.2 Composition of the ETICS

**Table 1 – Composition of the ETICS “KABE THERM/LAMITHERM”**

	<b>Components</b> (see Annex 1 for further description, characteristics and performances of the components)	<b>Coverage</b> kg/m <sup>2</sup>	<b>Thickness</b> mm
Insulation materials with associated methods of fixing	<p>Bonded ETICS (partially or fully bonded) with supplementary anchors. According to ETA-holder’s prescription the minimal bonded surface shall be at least 40 % (see Table 9). National application documents shall be taken into account.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Insulation products:</b> Expanded polystyrene boards specified in Annex 1</li> <li>• <b>Adhesive</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>KOMBI SPECIAL</b> Preparation: mixing of 0,24 l water/1 kg powder Composition: grey Portland cement type I 42,5 R, organic binder, sand, special additives</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Supplementary anchors</b> See Annex 2 for list of anchors and their product characteristics.</li> </ul>	/	20 to 200
	<p>Mechanically fixed ETICS with anchors and supplementary adhesive (see Clause 3.4.5) for possible associations EPS/anchors). According to ETA-holder’s prescription the minimal bonded surface shall be at least 40 % (see Table 9). National application documents shall be taken into account.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Insulation products</b> Expanded polystyrene boards specified in Annex 1</li> <li>• <b>Supplementary adhesives</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>KOMBI SPECIAL</b> Preparation: mixing of 0,24 l water/1 kg powder Composition: grey Portland cement type I 42,5 R, organic binder, sand, special additives</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Anchors</b> See Annex 2 for list of anchors and their product characteristics.</li> </ul>	4,0 (powder)	50 to 200
Base coat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>KOMBI SPECIAL</b> Preparation: mixing of 0,24 l water/1 kg powder Composition: grey Portland cement type I 42,5 R, organic binder, sand, special additives</li> </ul>	4,0 (powder)	Minimal: 3,4 mm
Glass fibre meshes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standard glass fibre mesh: <b>R 117 A101</b> (area density: 145 g/m<sup>2</sup>, mesh thickness: 0,5 mm, mesh size: 4,0 mm × 4,5 mm) <b>R 131 A101</b> (area density: 160 g/m<sup>2</sup>, mesh thickness: 0,52 mm, mesh size: 3,5 mm × 3,8 mm)</li> </ul>	/	/

Key coats	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NOVALITH PUTZGRUND ready to use pigmented liquid used only with finishing coat NOVALITH DECKPUTZ</li> </ul>	0,2	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PERMURO PUTZGRUND ready to use pigmented liquid used only with finishing coat PERMURO DECKPUTZ</li> </ul>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ARMASIL PUTZGRUND ready to use pigmented liquid used only with finishing coat ARMASIL DECKPUTZ</li> </ul>		
Finishing coats	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ready to use pastes – silicate binder NOVALITH DECKPUTZ (particles size: 1,0 mm), floated structure (particles size: 1,5 mm), floated and ribbed structure (particles size: 2,0 mm), floated and ribbed structure (particles size: 2,5 mm), floated and ribbed structure</li> </ul>	1,8 to 4,5	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ready to use pastes – acrylic binder PERMURO DECKPUTZ (particles size: 1,0 mm), floated structure (particles size: 1,5 mm), floated and ribbed structure (particles size: 2,0 mm), floated and ribbed structure (particles size: 2,5 mm), floated and ribbed structure</li> </ul>	1,8 to 4,5	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ready to use pastes – silicone binder ARMASIL DECKPUTZ (particles size: 1,0 mm), floated structure (particles size: 1,5 mm), floated and ribbed structure (particles size: 2,0 mm), floated and ribbed structure (particles size: 2,5 mm), floated and ribbed structure</li> </ul>	1,8 to 4,5	
Ancillary materials	<p>Descriptions in accordance with 3.2.2.5 of the ETAG 004. Remain under the ETA-holder responsibilities.</p>		

## **2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)**

### **2.1 Intended use**

This ETICS is intended for use as external insulation of buildings' walls. The walls are made of masonry (bricks, blocks, stones ...) or concrete (cast on site or as prefabricated panels). The characteristics of the walls shall be verified prior to use of the ETICS, especially regarding conditions for reaction to fire classifications and for fixing of the ETICS either by bonding or mechanically. The ETICS is designed to give the wall to which it is applied satisfactory thermal insulation.

The ETICS is made of non load-bearing construction elements. It does not contribute directly to the stability of the wall on which it is installed, but it can contribute to durability by providing enhanced protection from the effect of weathering.

The ETICS can be used on new or existing (retrofit) vertical walls. It can also be used on horizontal or inclined surfaces which are not exposed to precipitation.

The ETICS is not intended to ensure the airtightness of the building structure.

The choice of the method of fixing depends on the characteristics of the substrate, which could need preparation (see 7.2.1 of the ETAG 004) and shall be done in accordance with the national instructions.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment (ETA) are based on an assumed intended working life of at least 25 years, provided that the conditions laid down in Clauses 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5 for the packaging, transport, storage and installation as well as appropriate use, maintenance and repair are met. The indications given as to the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer or the Technical Assessment Body, but should only be regarded as a means for choosing the appropriate products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

The ETICS belong to Category S/W2, according to EOTA Technical Report No. 034.

### **2.2 Manufacturing**

The European Technical Assessment is issued for the ETICS on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with the Technical Assessment Body Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o. (TSÚS), which identified the ETICS that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the ETICS or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, shall be notified to the Technical Assessment Body Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o. before the changes are introduced. The Technical Assessment Body Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o. will decide whether or not such changes affect the ETA and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the ETA and if so whether further assessment or alternations to the ETA, shall be necessary.

### **2.3 Design and installation**

The installation instructions including special installation techniques and provisions for the qualifications of the personnel are given in the manufacturer's technical documentation.

Design, installation and execution of ETICS are to be in conformity with national documents. Such documents and the level of their implementation in Member States' legislation are different. Therefore, the assessment and declaration of performance are done taking into account general assumptions introduced in 7.1 and 7.2 of ETAG 004 used as EAD, which summarized how information introduced in the ETA and related documents is intended to be used in the construction process and gives advice to all parties interested when normative documents are missing.

### **2.4 Packaging, transport and storage**

The information on packaging, transport and storage is given in the manufacturer's technical documentation. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer(s) to ensure that this information is made known to the concerned people.

## 2.5 Use, maintenance and repair

The finishing coat shall normally be maintained in order to fully preserve the ETICS performance.

Maintenance includes at least:

- visual inspection of the ETICS;
- the repairing of localized damaged areas due to accidents;
- the aspect maintenance with products adapted and compatible with the ETICS (possibly after washing or ad hoc preparation).

Necessary repairs should be performed as soon as the need has been identified.

It is important to be able to carry out maintenance as far as possible using readily available products and equipment, without spoiling appearance. Only products which are compatible with the ETICS shall be used.

The information on use, maintenance and repair is given in the manufacturer's technical documentation. It is responsibility of the manufacturer(s) to ensure that these provisions are easily accessible to the concerned people.

## 3 Performance of the product and reference to the methods used for its assessment

### 3.0 The performances of the kit as described in this clause are valid provided that the components of the kit comply with Annexes 1 to 3.

#### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Not relevant.

#### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

##### 3.2.1 Reaction to fire (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.2.1, EN 13501-1)

The reaction to fire was determined according to ETAG 004, Clause 5.1.2.1. The product as defined under Clause 1.1 reached the following classification stated in Table 2.

**Table 2 – Classification of reaction to fire for ETICS**

Configuration	Max. organic content	Flame retardant content	Euroclass according to EN 13501-1
Adhesive: KOMBI SPECIAL	Adhesive: 3,41 % Base coat: 3,41 % Key coat: 20,38 % Finishing coat: 7,62 %	Adhesive: 0 % EPS: 0 % Base coat: 0 % Key coat: 0 % Finishing coat: 0 %	B-s1, d0
EPS 70F (EPS-EN 13163-TR100) tested thickness: 180 mm thickness: 50 mm to 200 mm Colour: white, reaction to fire: E density: max. 15 kg/m <sup>2</sup>			
Base coat: KOMBI SPECIAL			
Glass fibre meshes: R 117 A101, R 131 A101			
Key coats: NOVALITH PUTZGRUND PERMURO PUTZGRUND ARMASIL PUTZGRUND			
Finishing coat: NOVALITH DECKPUTZ PERMURO DECKPUTZ ARMASIL DECKPUTZ			
All other configurations			

Mounting and fixing:

The assessment of reaction to fire for configuration is based on tests with maximal insulation layer thickness of SBI/180 mm, STN EN ISO 11925-2 and insulation material density 15 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and a render system with maximum organic content 3,4 % for base coat and 7,6 % rel. for finishing coat and thicknesses of grain sizes of finishing coat 3,0 mm.

For the SBI configuration this ETICS is mounted directly to a calcium silicate plasterboard substrate of reaction to fire classification A2-s1, d0 with a minimum density of 800 kg/m<sup>2</sup> ± 10 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

The installation of the ETICS was carried out by the manufacturer (holder of assessment) following the manufacturer's specifications (instruction sheet) using a single layer of the glass fibre mesh all over the test specimen (no overlapping glass fibre mesh).

The test specimens were prefabricated and did not include any joints. The panel edges were rendered except the upper and bottom edges.

Anchors were not included in the tested ETICS as they have no influence on the test result.

Please note that in some member states the classification on the basis of SBI test is not accepted. Additional tests might be required e.g. large scale tests to demonstrate compliance with a member state's fire regulation.

Further the edges of the ETICS always have to be protected against fire.

NOTE A European reference fire scenario has not been laid down for facades. In some Member States, the classification of ETICS according to EN 13501-1 might not be sufficient for the use in facades. An additional assessment of ETICS according to national provisions (e.g. on the basis of a large scale test) might be necessary to comply with Member State regulations, until the existing European classification system has been completed.

### 3.3 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

#### 3.3.1 Water absorption (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.1)

**Table 3 – Water absorption of base coat**

		Water absorption after 24 hours	
		< 0,5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	≥ 0,5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Base coat	KOMBI SPECIAL	x	

**Table 4 – Water absorption of rendering coats**

Base coat KOMBI SPECIAL		Water absorption after 24 hours	
		< 0,5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	≥ 0,5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Rendering systems: base coat + key coat according to Clause 1.1 + finishing coat indicated hereafter:	NOVALITH DECKPUTZ	x	
	PERMURO DECKPUTZ		
	ARMASIL DECKPUTZ		

### 3.3.2 Watertightness (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.2)

#### 3.3.2.1 Hydrothermal behaviour (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.2.1)

Hygrothermal cycles have been performed on a rig. None of the following defects occurred during the testing:

- blistering or peeling of any finishing coat;
- failure or cracking associated with joints between insulation product boards or profiles fitted with ETICS;
- detachment of render coat;
- cracking allowing water penetration to the insulation layer (normally not bigger than 0,2 mm).

The ETICS is so assessed resistant to hygrothermal cycles, it means ETICS passed the test without defects.

#### 3.3.2.2 Freeze-thaw behaviour (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.2.2)

- The water absorption of base coat KOMBI SPECIAL used in this ETICS are less than 0,5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> after 24 hours and so **the corresponding configuration(s) of the ETICS are assessed as freeze/thaw resistant.**
- The water absorption of rendering systems with finishing coats NOVALITH DECKPUTZ and PERMURO DECKPUTZ used in this ETICS are less than 0,5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> after 24 hours and so **the corresponding configuration(s) of the ETICS are assessed as freeze/thaw resistant.**
- The water absorption of rendering systems with finishing coat ARMASIL DECKPUTZ used in this ETICS are less than 0,5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> after 24 hours but nevertheless the corresponding configuration(s) of the ETICS have been assessed as **freeze/thaw resistant** according to simulated method (5.1.3.2.2 of ETAG 004).

### 3.3.3 Impact resistance (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.3)

The resistance to hard body impacts (3 Joules and 10 Joules) leads to the following use categories.

**Table 5 – Use categories for ETICS according to impact resistance**

Base coat KOMBI SPECIAL		Single standard mesh
Rendering systems: base coat + key coat according to Clause 1.1 + finishing coat indicated hereafter:	NOVALITH DECKPUTZ	Category II
	PERMURO DECKPUTZ	Category III
	ARMASIL DECKPUTZ	Category II



### 3.3.4 Water vapour permeability (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.4)

**Table 6 – Water vapour permeability of rendering system**

Base coat KOMBI SPECIAL		Equivalent air thickness (m)
Rendering systems: base coat + key coat according to Clause 1.1 + finishing coat indicated hereafter:	NOVALITH DECKPUTZ	$\leq 2,0$ (test results obtained with finishing coat NOVALITH DECKPUTZ, floated structure, particles size 3,0 mm: 0,16)
	PERMURO DECKPUTZ	$\leq 2,0$ (test results obtained with finishing coat PERMURO DECKPUTZ, floated structure, particles size 3,0 mm: 0,47)
	ARMASIL DECKPUTZ	$\leq 2,0$ (test results obtained with finishing coat PERMURO DECKPUTZ, floated structure, particles size 3,0 mm: 0,42)

### 3.3.5 Release of dangerous substances (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.3.5, EOTA TR 034)

The ETA holder (manufacturer of ETICS) declared release of dangerous substances as no performance assessed.

## 3.4 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

### 3.4.1 Bond strength between base coat and insulation product (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.4.1.1)

- Base coat KOMBI SPECIAL onto expanded polystyrene (EN 13163 – TR100)

**Table 7 – Bond strength of base coat KOMBI SPECIAL onto insulation product**

Conditionings		
Initial state	After the hygrothermal cycles (on the rig)	After the freeze/thaw cycles (on samples)
$\geq 0,08$ MPa*	$\geq 0,08$ MPa*	Test not required because freeze/thaw cycles not necessary
* Failure occurred in the insulation product.		

### 3.4.2 Bond strength between adhesive and substrate/insulation product (ETAG 004 – Clauses 5.1.4.1.2 and 5.1.4.1.3)

**Table 8 – Bond strength of adhesive onto substrate and expanded polystyrene (EN 13163 – TR100)**

		Conditionings		
		Initial state	48 h immersion in water + 2 h 23 °C/50% RH	48 h immersion in water + 7 days 23 °C/50% RH
KOMBI SPECIAL	Concrete	$\geq 0,25$ MPa	$\geq 0,08$ MPa	$\geq 0,25$ MPa
	Insulation product EPS –TR100	$\geq 0,08$ MPa	$\geq 0,03$ MPa	$\geq 0,08$ MPa

The minimum bonded surface  $S$ , which shall exceed 20 %, is calculated as follows:  
 $S (\%) = [0,03 \times 100]/B$

where:

$B$  is minimum failure resistance of the adhesive to the insulation product in dry conditions for all failure modes expressed in MPa;

0,03 MPa corresponds to the minimum requirements.

The ETICS shall be installed on the substrate with application of the adhesive on the following minimal surface (% of total) according to Table 9.

**Table 9 – Minimum admissible bonded surface area for bonded ETICS with adhesive**

Adhesive	Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces of the insulation product	Minimum admissible bonded surface area for bonded ETICS
KOMBI SPECIAL	$\geq 100$ kPa and $< 150$ kPa (EPS-EN 13163-TR100)	40 %

### 3.4.3 Bond strength after ageing (ETAG 004 – Clauses 5.1.7.1 and 5.1.7.2)

**Table 10 – Bond strength of rendering systems after ageing (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.7.1)**

KOMBI SPECIAL		After hygrothermal cycles (on rig)	After freeze/thaw cycles
Rendering system: base coat + key coat according to Clause 1.1 + finishing coat indicated hereafter:	NOVALITH DECKPUTZ	$\geq 0,08$ MPa	Test not performed because freeze/thaw cycles not necessary
	PERMURO DECKPUTZ		Test not performed because freeze/thaw cycles not necessary
	ARMASIL DECKPUTZ		$\geq 0,08$ MPa

### 3.4.4 Fixing strength (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.4.2)

Test not required because the ETICS fulfills the following criteria:

- The bonded area exceeds 40 % in case of mechanically fixed systems with supplementary adhesive.
- $E \times d = 3\,659,3$  N/mm  $< 50\,000$  N/mm, where  $E$  is modulus of elasticity of the base coat KOMBI SPECIAL without glass fibre mesh and  $d$  is mean dried thickness of the base coat KOMBI SPECIAL.

### 3.4.5 Wind load resistance (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.4.3)

Safety in use of mechanically fixed ETICS using anchors

The following values only apply for the combination (anchor's trade name)/ (EPS board's characteristics) mentioned in the first lines of each table.

**Table 11 – Failure loads of combination of anchors described in below table and insulation product – EPS-EN 13163-TR100**

Anchors for which the following failure loads apply	Trade name	All types anchors defined in Annex 2 of this ETA		
	Plate diameter (mm)	≥ 60		
Characteristic of the insulation product panels for which the following failure loads apply	Thickness (mm)	≥ 50		
	Tensile strength perpendicular to the face (kPa)	≥ 100		
Failure loads (N)	Anchors not placed at the panel joint (pull – through test)	$R_{\text{panel}}$ :	Minimum: Average:	<b>400</b> <b>413</b>
	Anchors placed at the panel joint (static foam block test)	$R_{\text{joint}}$ :	Minimum: Average:	<b>253</b> <b>257</b>

The wind load resistance of the ETICS  $R_d$  is calculated as follows:

$$R_d = [R_{\text{panel}} \times n_{\text{panel}} + R_{\text{joint}} \times n_{\text{joint}}] / \gamma$$

where

$n_{\text{panel}}$  is number (per m<sup>2</sup>) of anchors not placed at the panel joint;

$n_{\text{joint}}$  is number (per m<sup>2</sup>) of anchors placed at the panel joint;

$\gamma$  is national safety factor.

### 3.4.6 Render strip tensile test (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.5.4.1)

The mean value of the crack width of the base coat KOMBI SPECIAL with the glass fibre mesh R 117 A101, measured at a render strain value od 2 % is max. 0,5 mm.

The mean value of the crack width of the base coat KOMBI SPECIAL with the glass fibre mesh R 131 A101, measured at a render strain value od 2 % is max. 0,2 mm.

## 3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

### 3.5.1 Airborne sound insulation (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.5.1)

No performance assessed.

### 3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

#### 3.6.1 Thermal resistance (ETAG 004 – Clause 5.1.6.1)

The thermal transmittance of the substrate wall covered by the ETICS is calculated in accordance with the standard EN ISO 6946:

$$U_c = U + \chi_p \cdot n$$

where  $\chi_p \cdot n$  has only to be taken into account if it is greater than 0,04 W/(m<sup>2</sup>·K);  
 $U_c$  global (corrected) thermal transmittance of the covered wall (W/(m<sup>2</sup>·K));  
 $n$  number of anchors (through insulation product) per m<sup>2</sup>;  
 $\chi_p$  local influence of thermal bridge caused by an anchor. The values listed below can be taken into account if not specified in the anchor's ETA:  
 = 0,002 W/K for anchors with a stainless steel screw covered by plastic anchors and for anchors with an air gap at the head of the screw ( $\chi_p \cdot n$  negligible for  $n < 20$ );  
 = 0,004 W/K for anchors with a galvanized steel screw with the head covered by a plastic material ( $\chi_p \cdot n$  negligible for  $n < 10$ );  
 = negligible for anchors with plastic nails (reinforced or not with glass fibres ...);  
 $U$  thermal transmittance of the current part of the covered wall (excluding thermal bridges) (W/ (m<sup>2</sup>·K)) determined as follows:

$$U_c = \frac{1}{R_i + R_{\text{render}} + R_{\text{substrate}} + R_{\text{se}} + R_{\text{si}}}$$

where  $R_i$  thermal resistance of the insulation product (according to declaration in reference to EN 13163) in (m<sup>2</sup>·K)/W;  
 $R_{\text{render}}$  thermal resistance of the render (about 0,02 in (m<sup>2</sup>·K)/W or determined by test according to EN 12667 or EN 12664);  
 $R_{\text{substrate}}$  thermal resistance of the substrate of the building (concrete, brick ...) in (m<sup>2</sup>·K)/W;  
 $R_{\text{se}}$  external superficial thermal resistance in (m<sup>2</sup>·K)/W;  
 $R_{\text{si}}$  internal superficial thermal resistance in (m<sup>2</sup>·K)/W.

The value of thermal resistance of each insulation product shall be given in the manufacturer's documentation along with the possible range of thicknesses. In addition, the point thermal conductivity of anchors shall be given when anchors are used in the ETICS.

### 3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

No performance assessed.

#### 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the European Commission Decision 97/556/EC amended by the European Commission Decision 2001/596/EC, the AVCP systems (further described in Annex V to Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011) 1 and 2+ apply.

**Table 12 – Assessment and verification of constancy of performance system**

Product(s)	Intended use(s)	Level(s) or class(es) (Reaction to fire)	System(s)
External thermal insulation composite systems/kits (ETICS) with rendering	in external wall subject to fire regulations	A1 <sup>(1)</sup> , A2 <sup>(1)</sup> , B <sup>(1)</sup> , C <sup>(1)</sup>	1
		A1 <sup>(2)</sup> , A2 <sup>(2)</sup> , B <sup>(2)</sup> , C <sup>(2)</sup> , D, E, (A1 to E) <sup>(3)</sup> , F	2+
	in external wall not subject to fire regulations	Any	2+
<p><sup>(1)</sup> Products/materials for which a clearly identifiable stage in the production process results in an improvement of the reaction to fire classification (e.g. an addition of fire retardants or a limiting of organic material).</p> <p><sup>(2)</sup> Products/materials not covered by footnote <sup>(1)</sup>.</p> <p><sup>(3)</sup> Products/materials that do not require to be tested for reaction to fire (e.g. Products/materials of Classes A1 according to Commission Decision 96/603/EC).</p>			

#### 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

In order to help the Notified Body to make an evaluation of conformity, the Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA shall supply the information detailed below. This information together with the requirements given in EC Guidance Paper B will generally form the basis on which the factory production control (FPC) is assessed by the Notified Body.

This information shall initially be prepared or collected by the Technical Assessment Body and shall be agreed with the manufacturer. The following gives guidance on the type of information required:

##### 1) The ETA

Where confidentiality of information is required, this ETA makes reference to the manufacturer's technical documentation which contains such information.

##### 2) Basic manufacturing process

The basic manufacturing process is described in sufficient detail to support the proposed FPC methods.

The different components of ETICS are generally manufactured using conventional techniques. Any critical process or treatment of the components which affects performance are highlighted in the manufacturer's documentation.

##### 3) Product and materials specifications

The manufacturer's documentation includes:

- detailed drawings (possibly including manufacturing tolerances);
- incoming (raw) materials specifications and declarations;
- references to European and/or international standards;
- technical data sheets.

4) Control Plan (as a part of FPC)

The manufacturer and the Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o. have agreed a Control Plan which is deposited with the Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o. in documentation which accompanies the ETA. The Control Plan specifies the type and frequency of checks/tests conducted during production and on the final product. This includes the checks conducted during manufacture on properties that cannot be inspected at a later stage and for checks on the final product.

Products not manufactured by the ETICS manufacturer shall also be tested according to the Control Plan. It must be demonstrated to the Notified Body that the FPC system contains elements securing that the ETICS manufacturer takes products conforming to the Control Plan from his supplier(s).

Where materials/components are not manufactured and tested by the supplier in accordance with agreed methods, then where appropriate they shall be subject to suitable checks/tests by the ETICS manufacturer before acceptance.

In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and its Control Plan are no longer fulfilled, the Notified Body shall withdraw the certificate and inform Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o. without delay.

**Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o.**  
Building Testing and Research Institute  
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On behalf of the Technický a skúšobný ústav stavebný, n. o.  
Bratislava, 26 January 2018



prof. Ing. Zuzana Sternová, PhD.  
Head of Technical Assessment Body

**Annexes**

- Annex 1 Insulation product characteristics
- Annex 2 Description and characteristics of the anchors
- Annex 3 Description and characteristics of the reinforcement

## Annex 1

## Insulation product characteristics

Table 13 – Characteristics of the insulation product(s)

Description and characteristics	EPS 70 F	
	for fully or partially bonded ETICS	for mechanically fixed ETICS with anchors
Reaction to fire / STN EN 13501-1	Euroclass E (thickness from 20 to 200 mm, density approx. 13,5 kg/m <sup>3</sup> to 15,0 kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	
Thermal resistance ((m <sup>2</sup> .K)/W)	Defined in the CE marking in reference to EN 13163 "Thermal insulation products for buildings – Factory made products of expanded polystyrene"	
Thickness (mm) / EN 823	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>T2</b>	
Length (mm) / EN 822	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>L2</b>	
Width (mm) / EN 822	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>W2</b>	
Squareness (mm) / EN 824	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>S1</b> EPS - EN 13163 – <b>S2</b>	
Flatness (mm) / EN 825	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>P4</b>	
Surface condition	Cut surface (homogeneous and without "skin")	
Dimensional stability under	specified temperature and humidity / EN 1604	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>DS(70,-)1</b>
	laboratory condition / EN 1603	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>DS(N)2</b>
Bending strength according to EN 12089	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>BS115</b>	
Compressive stress or compressive strength (kPa) / EN 826	EPS - EN 13163 – <b>CS(10)70</b>	
Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions / EN 1607	≥ 100 kPa and < 150 kPa, EPS - EN 13163 – TR100	
Short term water absorption by partial immersion / EN 1609	< 0,5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	
Water vapour diffusion resistance factor ( $\mu$ ) / EN 12086	≥ 20 ≤ 40	
Shear strength (N/mm <sup>2</sup> ) / EN 12090	≥ 0,02 MPa	–
Shear modulus (N/mm <sup>2</sup> ) / EN 12090	≥ 1,0 MPa	–

## Annex 2

### Description and characteristics of anchors

**Table 14 – References to ETAs for anchors used in ETICS**

Trade name	Description Plate stiffness/Load resistance of the anchor plate	Plate diameter mm	Characteristic resistance in substrate stated in
EJOT ejotherm NTK U	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polyamide nail and plastic head 0,5 kN/mm/1,4 kN Use of category: A, B, C	60	ETA-07/0026
Ejot H1 eco	Nailed-in plastic anchor with steel nail 0,6 kN/mm/1,4 kN Use of category: A, B, C	60	ETA-11/0192
Ejot H4 eco	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polyamide nail 0,6 kN/mm/1,4 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D, E	60	ETA-11/0192
EJOT H3	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polyamide nail 0,6 kN/mm/1,25 kN Use of category: A, B, C	60	ETA-14/0130
Ejotherm STR U Ejotherm STR U 2G	Screwed-in plastic anchor with steel screw and plastic head 0,6 kN/mm/2,08 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D, E	60	ETA-04/0023
KOELNER TFIX-8M	nailed-in anchor with nail of galvanised steel 1,0 kN/mm/1,75 kN Use of category: A, B, C	60	ETA-07/0336
KOELNER TFIX 8S KOELNER TFIX 8ST	Screwed-in anchor with screw of galvanised steel 0,6 kN/mm/2,04 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D (for KOELNER TFIX 8S) Use of category: A, B, C, D, E (for KOELNER TFIX 8ST)	60	ETA-11/0144
KOELNER TFIX-8P	Nailed-in plastic anchor with nail of galvanised steel 0,3 kN/mm/1,38 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D, E	60	ETA-13/0845
KOELNER KI-10N KOELNER KI-10NS	Nailed-in plastic anchor with steel nail 0,5 kN/mm/1,23 kN Use of category: B, C, D, E (for KOELNER KI-10N) Use of category: A, B, C, D, E (for KOELNER KI-10NS)	60	ETA-07/0221
KI-10, KI-10PA KI-10M	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polypropylene nail 0,5 kN/mm/2,1 kN (for KI-10, KI-10PA) 0,4 kN/mm/2,6 kN (for KI-10M) Use of category: A, B, C, D, E	60	ETA-07/0291



Bravoll PTH-KZ Bravoll PTH-KZL Bravoll PTH Bravoll PTH-L	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polyamide (PTH-KZ) (steel – PTH-KZ) nail and plastic head 0,4 kN/mm/1,8 kN Use of category (Bravoll PTH 60/8): A, B Use of category (Bravoll PTH-KZ 60/8): A, B, C, D	60	ETA-05/0055
Bravoll PTH 60/10-La Bravoll PTH-KZ 60/10-La	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polyamide nail 0,4 kN/mm/0,87 kN Use of category: A, B, C	60	ETA-08/0166
Bravoll PTH-S 60/8-La	Screwed-in plastic anchor with steel screw 0,9 kN/mm/2,6 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D, E	60	ETA-08/0267
Bravoll PTH SX	Screwed-in plastic anchor with plastic screw 0,5 kN/mm/1,8 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D, E	60	ETA-10/0028
Bravoll PTH X Bravoll PTH-EX	Nailed-in plastic anchor with polyamide (PTH X) or steel screw (PTH-EX) 0,6 kN/mm/1,5 kN Use of category: A, B, C, D	60	ETA-13/0951

## Annex 3

### Description and characteristics of the reinforcement

Table 15 – Description and characteristics of the reinforcement

Mesh trade name	Description	Alkalis resistance (5.6.7.1 of ETAG 004)			
		Residual strength after ageing (N/mm)		Relative residual resistance: % (after ageing) of the strength in the as delivered state	
		Warp	Weft	Warp	Weft
R 117 A101	Standard mesh: Mesh size: 4 mm × 4,5 mm Mass per unit area: min. 145 g/m <sup>2</sup>	≥ 20		≥ 50	
R 131 A101	Standard mesh: Mesh size: 3,5 mm × 3,8 mm Mass per unit area: min. 160 g/m <sup>2</sup>	≥ 20		≥ 50	